

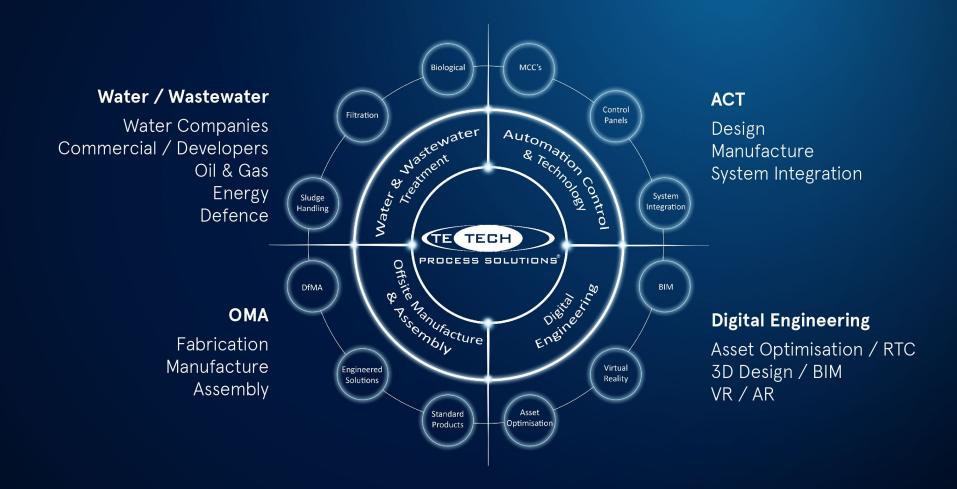
Treatment of emerging contaminants – An evaluation of the teion™ non-thermal plasma based oxidation process.

Ben Hazard, Process Engineer

12/07/2022

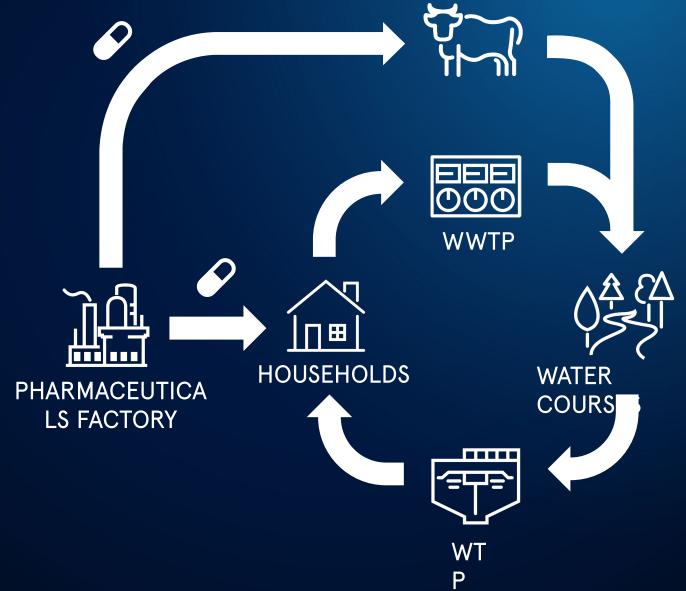


Company Overview





Pharmaceuticals – what's the problem?





Pharmaceuticals – what's the problem?

- Damage to aquatic life
- Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)









Regulation

Water Framework Directive

- Priority Substance List
- Substance Watch List

Watch list of substances for Union-wide monitoring as set out in Article 8b of Directive 2008/105/EC						
Name of substance/group of substances	CAS number (1)	EU number (²)	Indicative analytical method (³)	Maximum acceptable method detection limit (ng/l)		
Metaflumizone	139968-49-3	604-167-6	LLE-LC- MS-MS or SPE-LC- MS-MS	65		
Amoxicillin	26787-78-0	248-003-8	SPE-LC- MS-MS	78		
Ciprofloxacin	85721-33-1	617-751-0	SPE-LC- MS-MS	89		
Sulfamethoxazole (5)	723-46-6	211-963-3	SPE-LC- MS-MS	100		
Trimethoprim (5)	738-70-5	212-006-2	SPE-LC- MS-MS	100		

Chemical Investigations Programme

 Data from CIP2 suggest that some painkillers, antibiotics, and hormones are of potential concern.



What's the solution?

Pharmaceuticals Treatment





Process

(AOP)



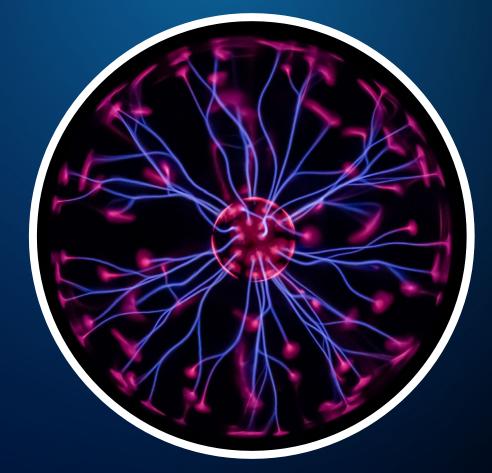
Non-thermal Plasma (NTP) – Plasma

- 4th State of matter
- Generated from gas
- Mostly made up of charged particles ions, electrons, and radicals

Non-thermal

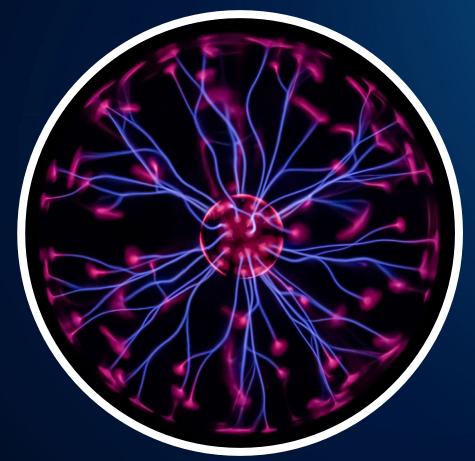
Plasma generated at ambient temperature

What is it?





Non-thermal Plasma (NTP) –



Current Applications

- Wound disinfection
- Cancer treatment
- Infection treatment

Food

- Preservation
- Sterilisation

Air Purification

Textiles

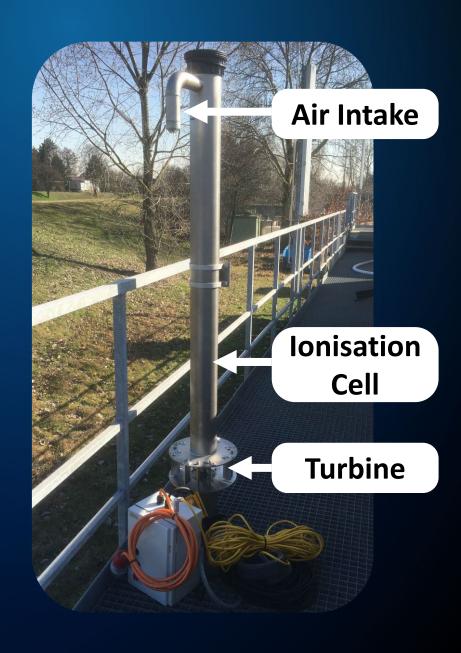


te-ion™ Process

Utilising non-thermal plasma for water and wastewater treatment



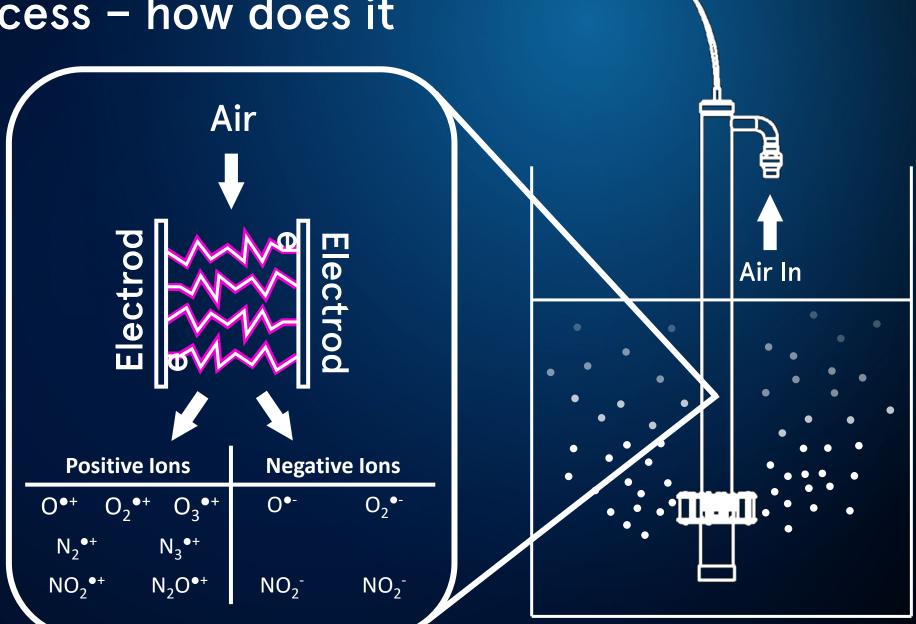






te-ion™ Process - how does it

work?





te-ion™ Process - how does it

work?

Positiv	e lons	Negative Ions		
$O^{\bullet +} O_2$	•+ O ₃ •+	O•-	O ₂ •-	
$N_2^{\bullet +}$	$N_3^{\bullet +}$			
$NO_2^{\bullet +}$	$N_2O^{\bullet+}$	NO ₂ -	NO ₂ -	
1132	1120	1102	1102	



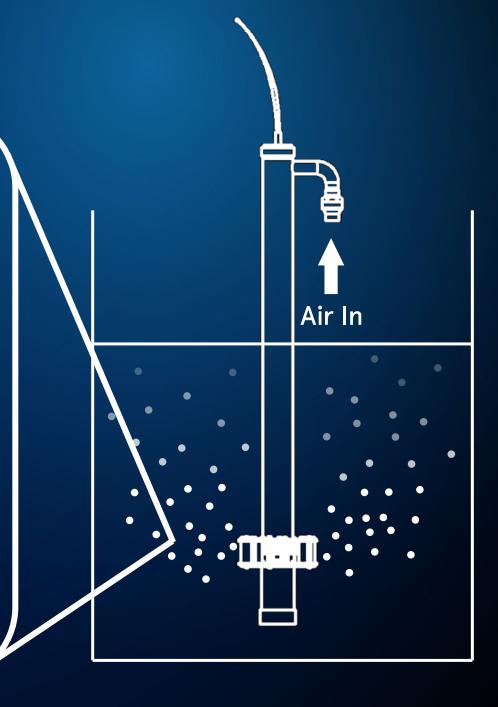
Pharmaceutica

Is



Smaller biodegradable compounds





Pilot Trials – Farmasense Project, Portugal

Development of analytical methodology for the detection of pharmaceuticals in wastewater

Farmasense Objectives



Investigation of NTP
technology for pharmaceutical
removal as tertiary
wastewater treatment

Partners









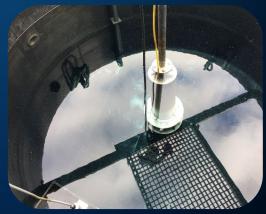
Pilot Trials – Farmasense Project, Portugal Trial 1:



Trial 2:







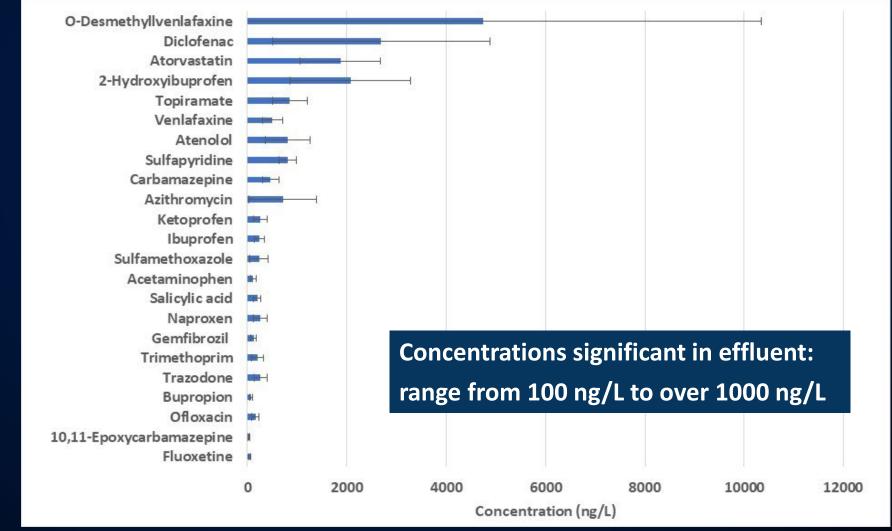




Pilot Trials – Farmasense Project,

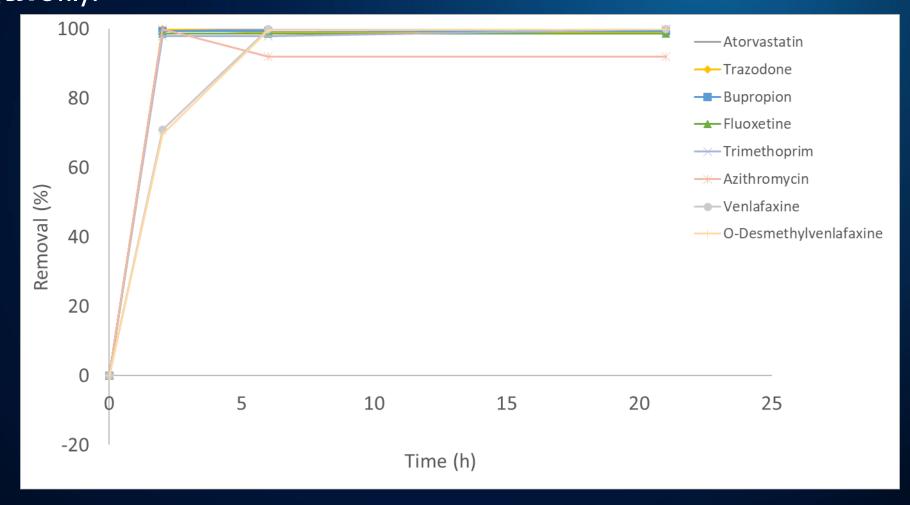
Portuga Effluent characterisation by UHPLC-MS/MS, > 20 substances

detected:



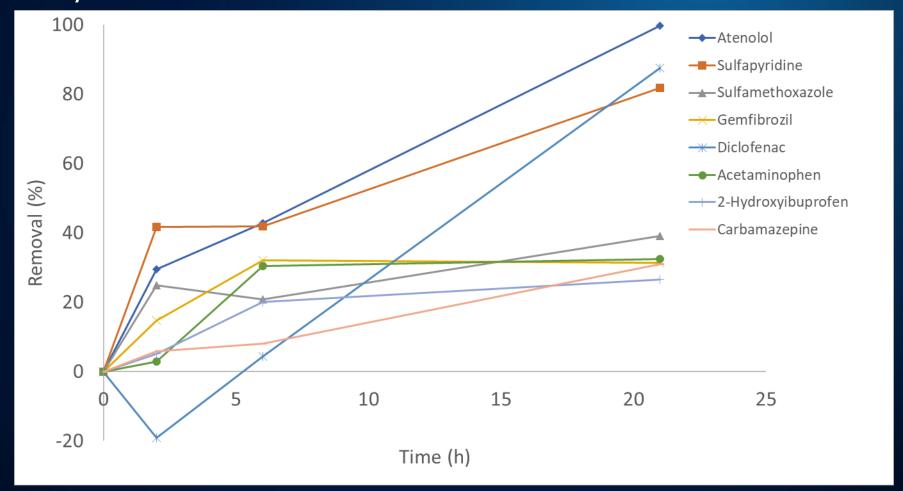


Postugalonly:



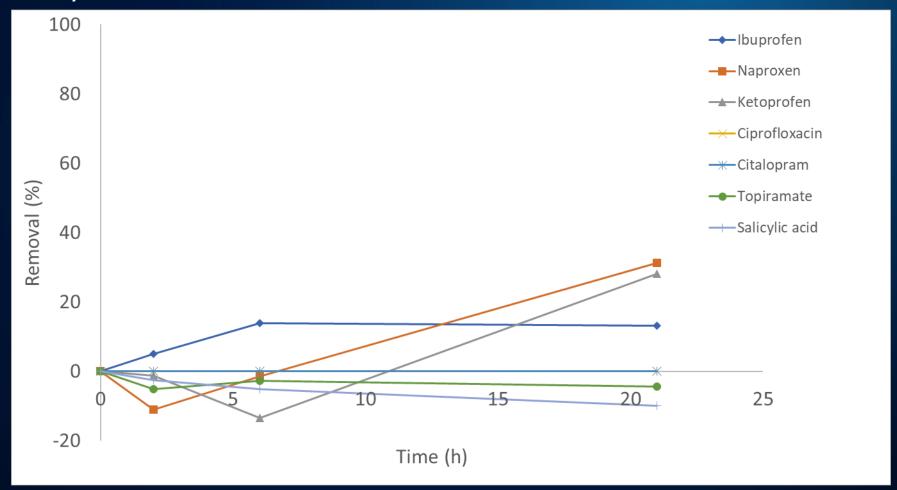


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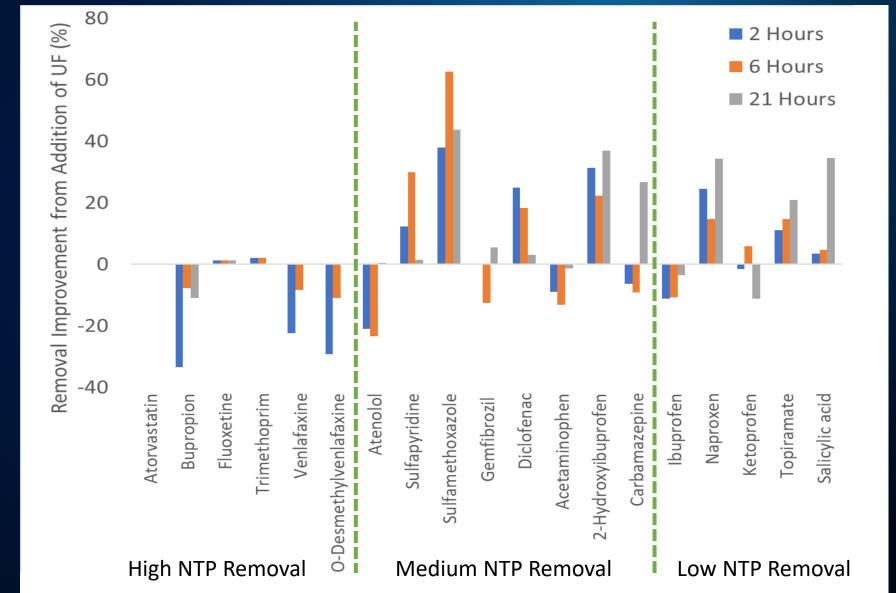


Pontugalonly:





Pilot Trials – Farmasense Project, Portugal





Pilot Trials – Farmasense Project, Portugal Conclusions:

- 1. NTP shows good potential for treatment of pharmaceutical compounds present in real effluent from WWTP.
- 2. Different pharmaceuticals respond differently to NTP treatment.
- 3. NTP + UF treatment generally improved overall removal, but only for compounds that showed medium to low removal from NTP alone.
- 4. Pilot trials will continue to optimise NTP treatment to improve removal performance of the more difficult to remove pharmaceuticals.





Optimise te-ion performance for removal of 3 common pharmaceuticals

Operating Parameters:

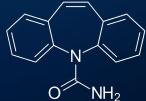
- 1. With or without UF pre-treatment.
- 2. Plasma flowrate.
- 3. Plasma frequency → ozone production

Pharmaceuticals

I. Diclofenac

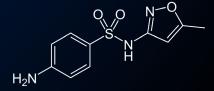




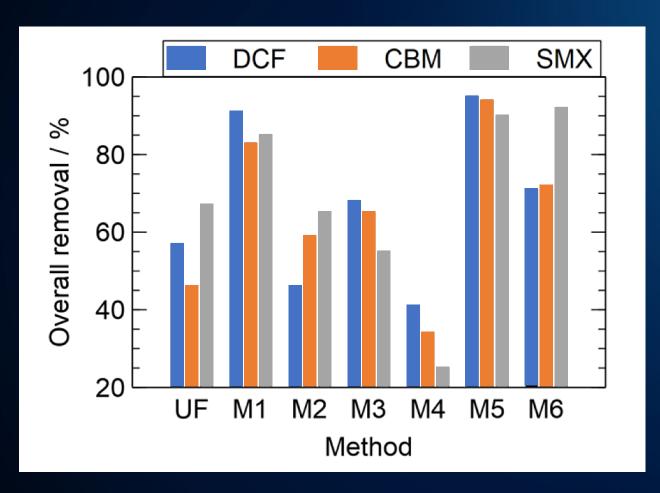


3. Sulfamethoxazole







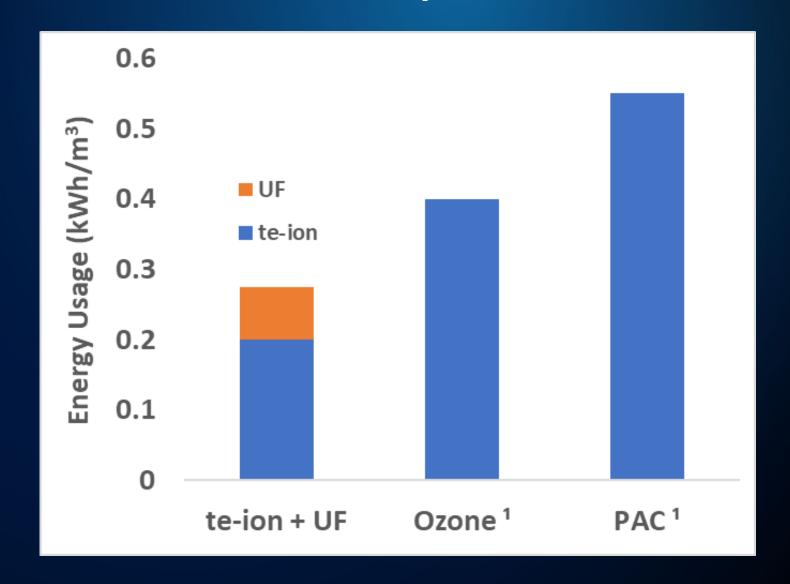


Method	UF	Plasma Flowrat e (I/min)	Plasma Frequenc y (Hz)	Ozone Content in Plasma (ppm)
1	Yes	150	2,000	120
2	Yes	150	500	20
3	No	150	2,000	120
4	No	150	500	20
5	Yes	70	2,000	120
6	Yes	70	500	20



Energy Usage:

Note: the values are for total energy usage which includes production and transport of the resources





Conclusions:

- 1. Over 90% removal of Diclofenac, Carbamazepine, and Sulfamethoxazole can be achieved with combination of UF and NTP treatment.
- 2. Addition of UF improves overall pharmaceutical removal performance.
- 3. A higher plasma frequency and therefore plasma ozone content improves the overall performance of NTP treatment.
- 4. A lower plasma flowrate improves the overall performance of NTP treatment.



Other Applications

Other applications of the te-ion™ that have already been tested or are in the pipeline include:

- Wastewater disinfection
- Bulking sludge suppression in activated sludge plants
- Heavy metal removal
- Sludge disintegration to increase biogas yield of AD pla



Before te-ion™ Treatment

After te-ion™ Treatment

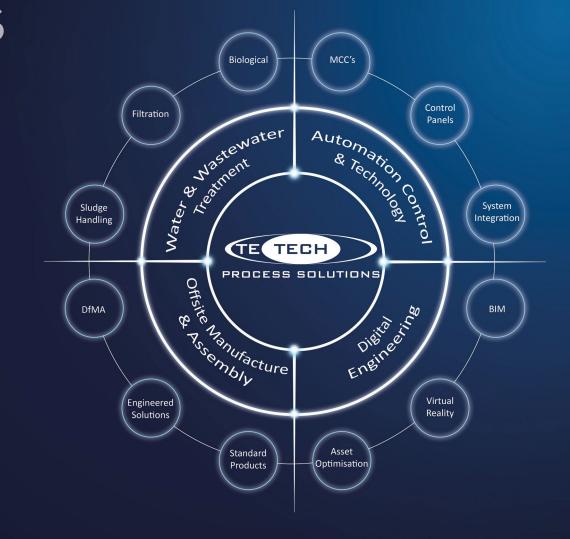


Thank you for listening – any questions?

Contact us

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